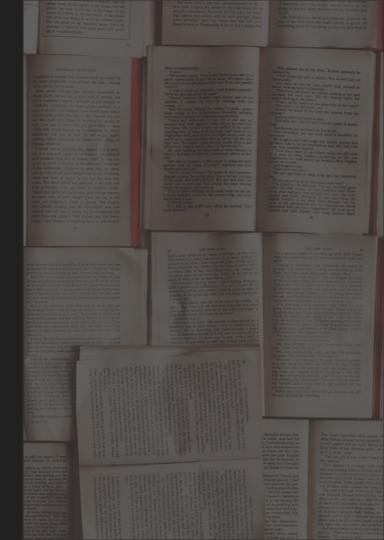
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Wes Harbison
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Agenda

- Vision of a 21st century library
- How controlled digital lending works
- Controlled digital lending in action:
 Open Libraries
- How libraries are using CDL
- How your library can participate



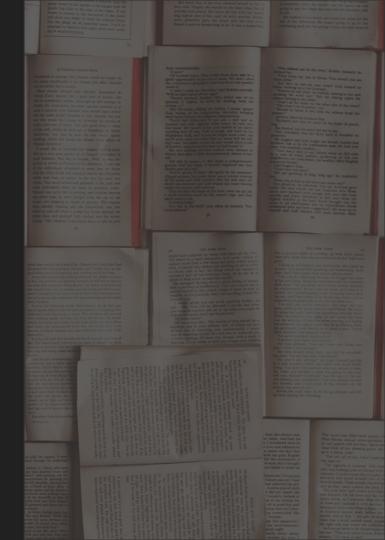
Introductions

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Wes Harbison

MLIS Practicum Student University of Missouri wbh7d5@mail.missouri.edu



Vision of a 21st century library...

Let's turn all Wikipedia references blue.

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121. ^ Cohen & Taylor 2000, p. 347.
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- 122. ^ Cohen & Taylor 2000, p. 416.
- 123. ^ Fairclough, Adam (1987). To Redeem the Soul of America:

The Southern Christian Leadership Conference & Martin

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122. ^ Cohen & Taylor 2000, p. 416.

123. ^ Fairclough, Adam (1987). To Redeem the Soul of America:

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Luther King Jr

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299 Defeat in Chicago

hany persons and perhaps even loss of life." The leaders of the CFM, he added, had a "serious moral obligation" to consider a halt to the marches; "with a heavy heart," he urged them so to do. Another key CFM supporter, Robert Johnson of the United Auto Workers, also changed his mind. In March, he had vowed that "the UAW is in this thing all the way." But on August 11, Johnson joined other labor leaders in meeting Daley and then endorsing Cody's plea.^{4,3}

This sudden hemorrhage of white support caused agonized debate within the CFM, but it failed to stop the marches. The Joint Action Board affirmed that "those who would express their convictions through nonviolent demonstrations must be protected." From Mississippi, Young wired Cody that a pause would be considered; in Chicago, however, Bevel and Raby rejected Cody's appeal, "We ask the Archbishop . . . not to abandon us now," Raby urged. Bevel publicly castigated Cody for deserting the movement: "When there's trouble, Daley sticks up his liberal bishop to say, 'You've gone far enough.' Well, we've got news for the man. If the bishop doesn't have the courage to speak up for Christ, let him join the devil." The day the archbishop made his statement, Bevel led five hundred marchers through the Loop, stopping outside the office of the Chicago Real Estate Board Two days later, Bevel, Jackson, and Raby took seven hundred marchers, half of them white, into Bogan. When local reaction was milder than expected, they decided to hold simultaneous marches in Bogan, Gage Park, and Jefferson Park on August 14. No date had been fixed for the Cicero march, but the tactic of multiple marches, which stretched the police to the limit, served equally well. About one thousand people took part in Sunday's triple protest. Although they walked into the usual barrage of bricks and bottles, the most serious violence occurred away from the marches, in Marquette Park, where Nazi and Klan orators encouraged a crowd of three thousand whites to go on the rampage,44

The Chicago Tribune fulminated against the CFM's tactics. "Causing violence to achieve political ends is criminal syndicalism," it asserted. "If the marchers keep up their sabotage it will be time to indict the whole lot of them." The Tribune's angry editorials provided one yardstick of the marches' effectiveness. Provocative or not, they placed Daley in a quandary. With the police attempting to protect the marchers, his administration was receiving the blame for what most whites perceived as a black invasion. And with the autumn elections approaching, the Republicans stood to benefit from the "backlash." "Every time we march," Bevel exulted, "Daley loses 10,000 votes—

The SCLC formed a coalition with CCCO, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations, an organization founded by Albert Raby, and the combined organizations' efforts were fostered under the aegis of the Chicago Freedom Movement. [120] During that spring, several white couple/black couple tests of real estate offices uncovered racial steering: discriminatory processing of housing requests by couples who were exact matches in income, background, number of children, and other attributes. [121] Several larger marches were planned and executed: in Bogan, Belmont Cragin, Jefferson Park, Evergreen Park (a suburb southwest of Chicago), Gage Park, Marquette Park, and others. [120][122][123]

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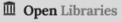
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https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Martin_Luther_King_Jr. https://archive.org/details/toredeemsoulofam00fair/page/299

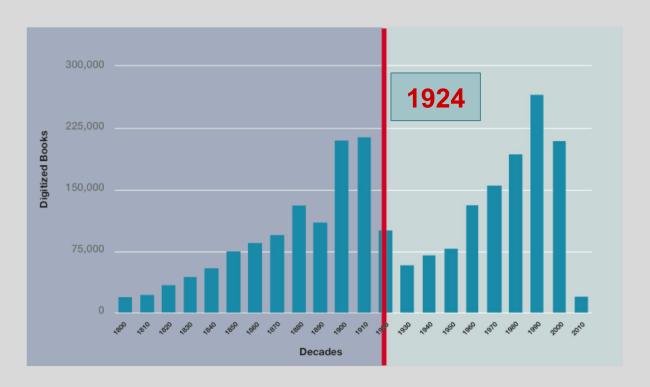
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Controlled digital lending

Solution:



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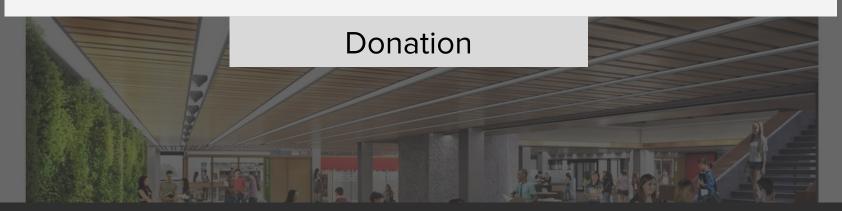


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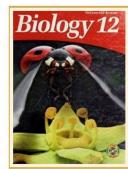
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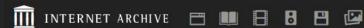


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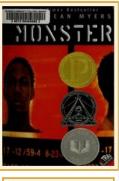
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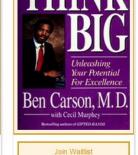
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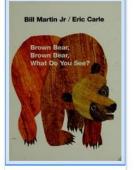


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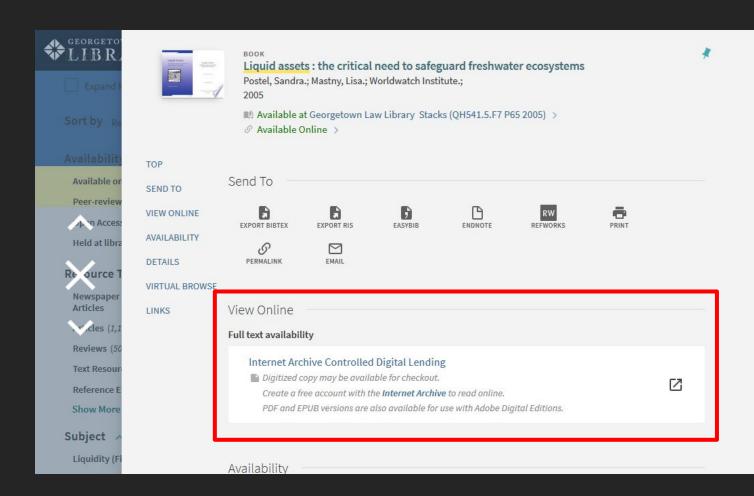
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Martin Luther King Jr.

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"Martin Luther King" and "MLK" redirect here. For other uses, see Martin Luther King (disambiguation) and MLK (disambiguation).

Chicago open housing movement, 1966 [edit]

Main article: Chicago Freedom Movement

The SCLC formed a coalition with CCCO, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations, an organization founded by Albert Raby, and the combined organizations' efforts were fostered under the aegis of the Chicago Freedom Movement. [120] During that spring, several white couple/black couple tests of real estate offices uncovered racial steering: discriminatory processing of housing requests by couples who were exact matches in income, background, number of children, and other attributes. [121] Several larger marches were planned and executed: in Bogan, Belmont Cragin, Jefferson Park, Evergreen Park (a suburb southwest of Chicago), Gage Park, Marquette Park, and others. [120][122][123]

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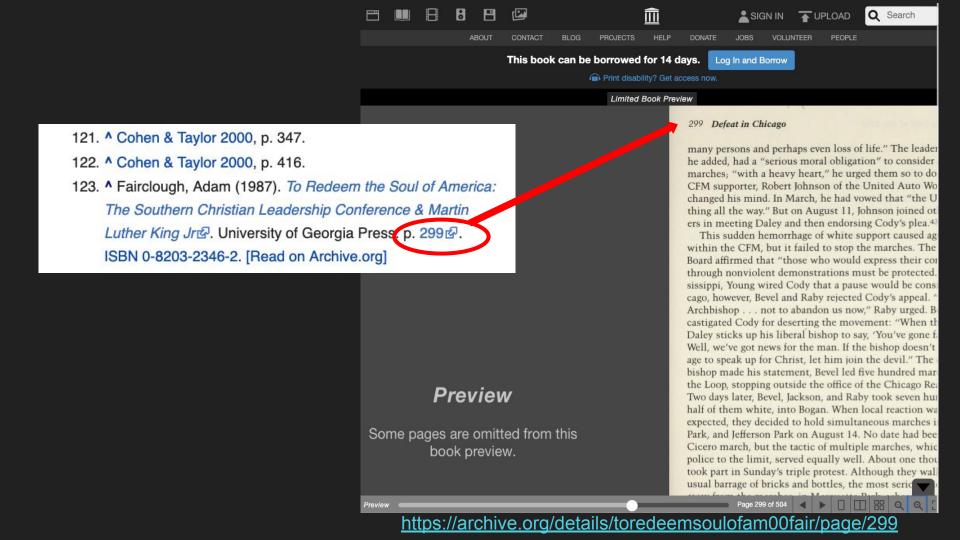
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299 Defeat in Chicago

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